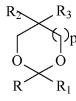
AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Docket No.: 60009US(49991)

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for enhancing chemical digestion, chemical alteration or a combination thereof of a biomolecule comprising contacting the biomolecule with a surfactant represented by formula I:



(I)

in which

p is 0, 1or 2;

R is alkyl;

R₁ and R₂ are each, independently, hydrogen or methyl; and

R₃ is selected from -OSO₃, -R₄OSO₃, -R₄OR₅SO₃, and -OR₅SO₃,

wherein R₄ and R₅ are each, independently, lower alkyl; and

wherein the biomolecule is selected from the group consisting of a protein and a peptide,

to thereby enhance chemical digestion, chemical alteration or a combination thereof of the biomolecule

and wherein the chemical alteration is selected from the group consisting of alkylation, reduction, and a combination thereof.

- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising analyzing the biomolecule following chemical digestion, chemical alteration or a combination thereof.
- 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the biomolecule is contained in a biological sample.

Docket No.: 60009US(49991)

6. (Canceled)

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the biomolecule is selected from the group consisting of a lipophilic protein, a receptor, a proteolytic protein, and a membrane-bound protein.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the analysis is selected from the group consisting of solid phase extraction, solid phase micro extraction, electrophoresis, mass spectrometry, liquid chromatography, liquid-liquid extraction, membrane extraction, soxhlet extraction, precipitation, clarification, electrochemical detection, staining, elemental analysis, Edmund degradation, nuclear magnetic resonance, infrared analysis, flow injection analysis, capillary electrochromatography, ultraviolet detection, and combinations thereof.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the mass spectrometry is surface desorption ionization mass spectrometry.
- 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the surfactant is degraded prior to analysis.
- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein chemical digestion of the biomolecule is enhanced.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising contacting the biomolecule with a protease, CNBr, or hydroxylamine.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising separating the resulting biomolecule fragments.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the protease is immobilized.
- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the protease is selected from the group consisting Trypsin, Chymotrypsin, Lys-C, V8 protease, AspN, Arg-C, Clostripain, Pepsin, and Papain.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein chemical alteration of the biomolecule is enhanced.
- 19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the chemical digestion or chemical alteration provides a favorable chemical property.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the favorable chemical property is selected from the group consisting of a more complete reaction, increased efficiency, increased yield, and increased rate.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the chemical reaction comprises denaturing the biomolecule.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising degrading the surfactant after the chemical reaction.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein the surfactant is degraded by contact with an acidic solution.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the surfactant is represented by formula II:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & R_7 \\
 & O \\
 & CH_3
\end{array}$$
(II)

in which

R₆ is alkyl;

R₇ is selected from -OSO₃, -R₄OSO₃, -R₄OR₅SO₃, and -OR₅SO₃, wherein R₄ and R₅ are each, independently, lower alkyl.

26. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the surfactant has the following chemical structure:

27. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the surfactant has the following chemical structure:

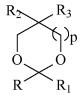
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein enhancement of the chemical digestion, chemical alteration or combination thereof facilitates on-line automation, separation, mass spectrometric analysis, or a combination thereof.
- 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the chemical digestion, chemical alteration, or combination thereof, is performed under microscale conditions.

30. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the digestion occurs in an electrophoretic gel.

- 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 30 wherein the digestion occurs in the presence one or more surfactants that are different from the surfactant in Formula I.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31 wherein the digestion occurs in the presence of SDS.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13 wherein the digestion occurs in the absence of SDS.

Claims 34-64. (Canceled)

65 (Withdrawn) A kit for enhancing a chemical reaction of a molecule comprising: a surfactant represented by formula I:



(I)

in which

p is 0, 1or 2;

R is alkyl;

R₁ and R₂ are each, independently, hydrogen or methyl; and

R₃ is selected from -OSO₃, -R₄OSO₃, -R₄OR₅SO₃, and -OR₅SO₃,

wherein R₄ and R₅ are each, independently, lower alkyl; and instructions for use.

Claims 66-112. (Canceled)

113. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing chemical digestion of a biomolecule comprising: contacting the molecule with a digestive enzyme and a surfactant represented by formula I:

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
R_2 & R_3 \\
& & \\
O & & \\
R & & \\
R_1
\end{array}$$

(I)

in which

p is 0, 1or 2;

R is alkyl;

R₁ and R₂ are each, independently, hydrogen or methyl; and

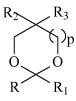
R₃ is selected from -OSO₃, -R₄OSO₃, -R₄OR₅SO₃, and -OR₅SO₃,

wherein R₄ and R₅ are each, independently, lower alkyl;

to thereby enhance the chemical digestion of the molecule.

Claims 114-116. (Canceled)

117. (Withdrawn) A kit for enhancing chemical digestion of a biomolecule comprising: a surfactant represented by formula I:



(I)

in which

p is 0, 1or 2;

R is alkyl;

R₁ and R₂ are each, independently, hydrogen or methyl; and

R₃ is selected from -OSO₃, -R₄OSO₃, -R₄OR₅SO₃, and -OR₅SO₃,

wherein R₄ and R₅ are each, independently, lower alkyl; and instructions for use.

Claims 118-122. (Canceled)

123. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the biomolecule is selected from bovine serum albumin, lysozyme, ovalbumine, myoglobin, ubiquitin, and bacteriorhodopsin.